



2023-2024 | SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STUDENT CODE OF CONDUCT

Dear Students and Parents

As required by state law, the board of trustees has officially adopted the Student Code of Conduct in order to promote a safe and orderly learning environment for every student. I urge you to read this publication thoroughly and to discuss it with your family. If you have any questions about the required conduct and consequences for misconduct, I encourage you to ask for an explanation from the student's teacher or appropriate campus administrator. The student and parent should sign this page and return it to the school.



Scan for a digital version of this document

Students and parents will need to electronically access or download a copy of the district's Student Code for the current school year online at www.springisd.org/codeofconduct, or request a paper copy from the Department of Student Affairs by calling 281-891-6193. We understand that students will be held accountable for their behavior and will be subject to the disciplinary consequences outlined in the Code. Parent signatures are required via our online registration system.

Print name of student: _____

Signature of student: _____

Print name of parent: _____

Signature of parent: _____

Date: _____

School: _____

Grade level: _____

**SPRING ISD IS COMMITTED TO
SUPPORTING EVERY STUDENT**



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SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL LEARNING (SEL)

SEL is an approach that Spring Independent School District uses to promote responsible behaviors and decrease conduct problems.

The strategies for SEL can help students reflect on their emotions and talk through conflicts. Quaver SEL is being implemented on the elementary campuses and assist schools in creating a culture of caring. The 7 Mindsets, which consists of Everything is Possible, Passion First, We are Connected, 100% Accountable, Attitude of Gratitude, Live to Give, and The Time is Now, are designed to promote self-awareness, self-management, social awareness, relationship skills, and responsible decision making.

Each of these concepts are helpful in mitigating discipline concerns.

Student Bill of Rights

DISCIPLINE PHILOSOPHY

Spring Independent School District believes in a safe and equitable learning environment for all students. The district demonstrates empathy for our students' individual identities in differing developmental stages, while promoting independence and growth. We, as a district, embrace guidance and dialogue, and provide clear policies and procedures that are accessible to all community stakeholders, and foster a culture and climate that promotes equitable disciplinary measures. Spring Independent School District is committed to empowering students to reach their full potential.

STUDENT BILL OF RIGHTS

- 01** A Safe And Caring Learning Environment
- 02** High Quality, Equitable Education Opportunities
- 03** Be Listened To And Heard, Even When We Do Not Agree
- 04** Have A Voice In Their Disciplinary Process
- 05** Multiple Opportunities & Choices For Academic, Social & Emotional Growth
- 06** Open And Respectful Two-Way Communication
- 07** Be Treated With Dignity And Respect By All Staff
- 08** Peer Mentorship Opportunities
- 09** Unbiased Treatment
- 10** Reasonable Dress Code

ACCESSIBILITY

If you have difficulty accessing the information in this document because of disability, please contact the Office of School Leadership at 281-891-6000.

PURPOSE

The Student Code of Conduct (“Code”) is the district’s response to the requirements of Chapter 37 of the Texas Education Code. The Code provides methods and options for managing students in the classroom and on school grounds, disciplining students, and preventing and intervening in student discipline problems.

The law requires the district to define misconduct that may—or must—result in a range of specific disciplinary consequences including removal from a regular classroom or campus, out- of-school suspension, placement in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP), placement in a juvenile justice alternative education program (JJAEP), or expulsion from school.

This Student Code of Conduct has been adopted by the Spring ISD Board of Trustees and developed with the advice of the district-level committee. This Code provides information to parents and students regarding standards of conduct, consequences of misconduct, and procedures for administering discipline. It remains in effect during summer school and at all school-related events and activities outside the school year until an updated version and the changes adopted by the board become effective for the next school year.

In accordance with state law, the Code shall be posted at each school campus or shall be available for review at the office of the campus principal. Additionally, the Code shall be available at the office of the campus behavior coordinator and posted on the district’s website. Parents shall be notified of any conduct violation that may result in a student being suspended, placed in a DAEP or JJAEP, expelled, or taken into custody by a law enforcement officer under Chapter 37 of the Education Code.

Because the Student Code of Conduct is adopted by the district’s board of trustees, it has the force of policy; therefore, in case of conflict between the Code and the Student Handbook, the Code shall prevail.

Please note: The discipline of students with disabilities who are eligible for services under federal law (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973) is subject to the provisions of those laws.

RESTORATIVE PRACTICES

As a district, we are moving away from punitive consequences to more progressive and restorative practices at the secondary level. As a means of taking proactive and aggressive steps, the district will focus

on implementing restorative discipline practices at the secondary level. The elementary campuses will receive more in-depth training in CHAMPS and de-escalation training and reinforcing our Spring Way systems and routines. Spring ISD Student Code of Conduct is an essential resource that will be used when making disciplinary decisions.

Restorative discipline practices in Texas began in the Fall of 2015. The State selected specific education services centers to pilot the initiative based on the number of African American males who were suspended from school the most within their region. Dr. Marilyn Armour defines restorative discipline as a relational approach to building school climate and addressing student behavior. The approach fosters belonging over exclusion, social engagement over control, and meaningful accountability of punishment.

Our district's strategic plan supports the move towards restorative discipline practices being executed in our schools. Spring Way systems and routines explicitly outlines how instructional strategies and restorative practices will be implemented throughout this school year.

SCHOOL DISTRICT AUTHORITY AND JURISDICTION

School rules and the authority of the district to administer discipline apply whenever the interest of the district is involved, on or off school grounds, in conjunction with or independent of classes and school sponsored activities.

The district has disciplinary authority over a student:

1. During the regular school day and while the student is going to and from school or a school sponsored or school-related activity on district transportation;
2. During lunch periods in which a student is allowed to leave campus;
3. While the student is in attendance at any school-related activity, regardless of time or location;
4. For any school-related misconduct, regardless of time or location;
5. When retaliation against a school employee, board member, or volunteer occurs or is threatened, regardless of time or location;
6. When a student engages in cyberbullying, as provided by Education Code 37.0832;
7. When criminal mischief is committed on or off school property or at a school-related event;
8. For certain offenses committed within 300 feet of school property as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line;
9. For certain offenses committed while on school property or while attending a school- sponsored or school-related activity of another district in Texas;
10. When the student commits a felony, as provided by Education Code 37.006 or 37.0081; and
11. When the student is required to register as a sex offender.

CAMPUS BEHAVIOR COORDINATOR

As required by law, a person at each campus must be designated to serve as the campus behavior coordinator. The designated person may be the principal of the campus or any other campus administrator selected by the principal. The campus behavior coordinator is primarily responsible for maintaining student discipline. The district shall post on its website and in the Student Handbook, for each campus, the email address and telephone number of the person serving as campus behavior coordinator. Contact information may be found at <https://www.springisd.org/SpringISD> and at www.springisd.org/codeofconduct.

Additionally, as a district of innovation, Spring ISD is exempt from the requirement to designate a campus behavior coordinator. Accordingly, the term "campus behavior coordinator" as used in this Student Code of Conduct shall mean any appropriate campus-based administrator.

THREAT ASSESSMENT AND SAFE AND SUPPORTIVE SCHOOL TEAM

The campus behavior coordinator or other appropriate administrator will work closely with the campus threat assessment safe and supportive school team to implement the district's threat assessment policy and procedures, as required by law, and shall take appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the Code of Conduct. [Threat Assessment Process](#).

SEARCHES

District officials may conduct searches of students, their belongings, and their vehicles in accordance with state and federal law and district policy. Searches of students shall be conducted in a reasonable and nondiscriminatory manner. Refer to the district's policies at FNF(LEGAL) and FNF(LOCAL) for more information regarding investigations and searches.

The district has the right to search a vehicle driven to school by a student and parked on school property whenever there is reasonable suspicion to believe it contains articles or materials prohibited by the district. Desks, lockers, district-provided technology, and similar items are the property of the district and are provided for student use as a matter of convenience. District property is subject to search or inspection at any time without notice.

REPORTING CRIMES

The principal or campus behavior coordinator and other school administrators as appropriate shall report crimes as required by law and shall call local law enforcement when an administrator suspects that a crime has been committed on campus.

SECURITY PERSONNEL

To ensure sufficient security and protection of students, staff, and property, the board employs police officers and, as necessary, security personnel. In accordance with law, the board has coordinated with the campus behavior coordinator and other district employees to ensure appropriate law enforcement duties are assigned to security staff. The law enforcement duties of district peace officers are listed in policy CKE(LOCAL). District security personnel assist with additional safety needs and do not perform law enforcement duties. They perform duties such as monitoring entries, operating metal detectors, and other monitoring functions.

"PARENT" DEFINED

Throughout the Code of Conduct and related discipline policies, the term "parent" includes a parent, legal guardian, or other person having lawful control of the child.

PARTICIPATING IN GRADUATION ACTIVITIES

The district has the right to limit a student's participation in graduation activities for violating the district's Code. Participation might include a speaking role, as established by district policy and procedures. Students eligible to give the opening and closing remarks at graduation shall be notified by the campus principal. Notwithstanding any other eligibility requirements, in order to be considered as an eligible student to give the opening or closing remarks, a student shall not have engaged in any misconduct in violation of the district's Code resulting in an out-of-school suspension, removal to a DAEP, or expulsion during the semester immediately preceding graduation. The valedictorian and salutatorian may also have speaking roles at graduation. No student shall be eligible to have such a speaking role if he or she engaged in any misconduct in violation of the district's Code resulting in an out-of-school suspension, removal to a DAEP, or expulsion during the semester immediately preceding graduation.

UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS

In accordance with Education Code 37.105, a school administrator, school resource officer (SRO), or district police officer shall have the authority to refuse entry or eject a person from district property if the person

refuses to leave peaceably on request and:

1. The person poses a substantial risk of harm to any person; or
2. The person behaves in a manner that is inappropriate for a school setting, and the person persists in the behavior after being given a verbal warning that the behavior is inappropriate and may result in refusal of entry or ejection.

Appeals regarding refusal of entry or ejection from district property may be filed in accordance with policies FNG(LOCAL) or GF(LOCAL), as appropriate. However, the timelines for the district's grievance procedures shall be adjusted as necessary to permit the person to address the board in person within 90 days, unless the complaint is resolved before a board hearing. See DAEP—Restrictions During Placement section, for information regarding a student assigned to DAEP at the time of graduation.

Each student is expected to:

- Demonstrate courtesy, even when others do not.
- Behave in a responsible manner, always exercising self-discipline.
- Attend all classes, regularly and on time.
- Prepare for each class; take appropriate materials and assignments to class.
- Meet district and campus: standardized dress code, which includes wearing an ID badge daily
- Obey all campus and classroom rules.
- Respect the rights and privileges of students, teachers, and other district staff and volunteers.
- Respect the property of others, including district property and facilities.
- Cooperate with and assist the school staff in maintaining safety, order, and discipline.
- Adhere to the requirements of the Student Code of Conduct.

GENERAL CONDUCT VIOLATIONS

The categories of conduct below are prohibited at school, in vehicles owned or operated by the district, and at all school-related activities, but the list does not include the most severe offenses. In the subsequent sections on Out-of-School Suspension, DAEP Placement, and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses, and Expulsion, certain offenses that require or permit specific consequences are listed. Any offense, however, may be severe enough to result in Removal from the Regular Educational Setting as detailed in that section. Please see Appendix A for a non-exclusive list of conduct violations and the corresponding level of consequences.

BULLYING OR CYBERBULLYING

Bullying is defined in Section 37.0832 of the Education Code as a single significant act or a pattern of acts by one or more students directed at another student that exploits an imbalance of power and involves engaging in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic means, or physical conduct that:

- Has the effect or will have the effect of physically harming a student, damaging a student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or of damage to the student's property;
- Is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive enough that the action or threat creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment for a student;
- Materially and substantially disrupts the educational process or the orderly operation of a classroom or school; or
- Infringes on the rights of the victim at school.

Bullying includes cyberbullying. (See below) This state law on bullying prevention applies to:

- Bullying that occurs on or is delivered to school property or to the site of a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property;

- Bullying that occurs on a publicly or privately owned school bus or vehicle being used for transportation of students to or from school or a school-sponsored or school-related activity; and
- Cyberbullying that occurs off school property or outside of a school-sponsored or school-related activity if the cyberbullying interferes with a student's educational opportunities or substantially disrupts the orderly operation of a classroom, school, or school-sponsored or school-related activity.

DEFIANCE OF AUTHORITY

Students shall not:

- Fail to comply with directives given by school personnel (insubordination).
- Leave school grounds or school-sponsored events without permission.
- Disobey rules for conduct in district vehicles.
- Refuse to accept discipline management techniques assigned by a teacher or principal.

TRANSMISSIBLE PATHOGEN SPREAD

The following provisions have been outlined to promote the safety of students and staff during on-campus learning while addressing the COVID-19 pandemic. Each student is expected to:

- Wash their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds especially after using the restroom, after blowing their nose, coughing, or sneezing.
- Always cover their mouth and nose with a tissue when coughing or sneezing or use the inside of their elbow. Throw used tissues in a trash can or appropriate designated receptacle.

INTENTIONAL INFECTIOUS DISEASE SPREAD

Students shall not:

- Cough, sneeze, spit, or expel (or otherwise cause contact of) any form of bodily fluids or secretions onto another student or staff member.
- Display PPE equipment that contains profane, abusive, or disruptive materials.

Intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly coughing, sneezing, spitting, or expelling (or otherwise causing contact of) any form of bodily fluids or secretions onto another person may be considered Assault as defined by the Texas Penal Code 22.01(a) (A person commits an assault if the person intentionally, knowingly or recklessly causes bodily injury to another, threatens another with imminent bodily injury, or causes physical contact with another when the person knows or should reasonably believe that the other will regard the contact as offensive). In the case of such conduct, the following steps shall be taken:

- Notify a campus administrator.
- Students shall be taken to the school nurse or, appropriate medical personnel if at a school sponsored event, for an evaluation.

MISTREATMENT OF OTHERS

Students shall not (please see Glossary section for additional information):

- Use profanity or vulgar language or make obscene gestures.
- Fight or scuffle. (For assault, see DAEP—Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses Section.)
- Threaten a district student, employee, or volunteer, including off school property, if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment. Engage in bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or making hit lists.
- Release or threaten to release intimate visual material of a minor or a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
- Engage in conduct that constitutes sexual or gender-based harassment or sexual abuse, whether by word, gesture, or any other conduct, directed toward another person, including a district student, employee, board member, or volunteer.
- Engage in conduct that constitutes dating violence.
- Engage in inappropriate or indecent exposure of private body parts.

- Participate in hazing.
- Cause an individual to act through the use of or threat of force (coercion).
- Commit extortion or blackmail (obtaining money or an object of value from an unwilling person).
- Engage in inappropriate verbal, physical, or sexual conduct directed toward another person, including a district student, employee, or volunteer.
- Record the voice or image of another without the prior consent of the individual being recorded or in any way that disrupts the educational environment or invades the privacy of others.

PROPERTY OFFENSES

Students shall not:

- Damage or vandalize property owned by others. (For felony criminal mischief, see DAEP— Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses section.)
- Deface or damage school property—including textbooks, technology and electronic resources, lockers, furniture, and other equipment—with graffiti or by other means.
- Steal from students, staff, or the school.
- Commit or assist in a robbery or theft, even if it does not constitute a felony according to the Penal Code. (For felony robbery, aggravated robbery, and theft, see DAEP— Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses section.)

POSSESSION OF PROHIBITED ITEMS

Students shall not possess or use:

- Fireworks of any kind, smoke or stink bombs, or any other pyrotechnic device;
- A razor, box cutter, chain, or any other object used in a way that threatens or inflicts bodily injury to another person;
- A “look-alike” weapon that is intended to be used as a weapon or could reasonably be perceived as a weapon;
- An air gun or BB gun;
- Ammunition or Ammunition “look-alike”;
- A hand instrument designed to cut or stab another by being thrown;
- Knuckles; a club;
- A location-restricted knife*;
- A firearm*; a stun gun;
- A pocket knife or any other small knife;
- Mace or pepper spray;
- Pornographic material;
- Tobacco products; cigarettes; e-cigarettes; vaping pen, and any component, part, or accessory for an E-cigarette or Vaping device; matches or a lighter;
- A laser pointer for other than an approved use; or
- Any articles not generally considered to be weapons, including school supplies, when the principal or designee determines that a danger exists.

*For weapons and firearms, see DAEP—Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses section. In many circumstances, possession of these items is punishable by mandatory expulsion under federal or state law.

INAPPROPRIATE USE OF CELL PHONES OR OTHER ELECTRONIC TELECOMMUNICATION DEVICES

Students shall not use a telecommunications device, including a cellular (mobile) telephone, or other electronic device in violation of district and campus rules. These devices must remain turned off during the instructional day, including during all testing, unless they are being used for approved instructional purposes as directed by the classroom teacher and campus administrator. A student must have approval to possess other personal telecommunications devices on campus such as laptops, tablets, or other portable computers. Without such permission, teachers will collect the items and turn them in to the principal’s office. The principal will determine whether to return items to students at the end of the

day or to contact parents to pick up the items. The use of cell phones or any device capable of capturing images or video footage is strictly prohibited in locker rooms or restroom areas while at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored event. Inappropriate use of a cell phone, such as capturing images or video footage, or inciting/organizing disruption or threat, and posting on social media with the intent to disrupt the learning environment will result in disciplinary action.

Students shall not:

- Violate policies, rules, or agreements signed by the student or the student's parent regarding the use of technology resources.
- Attempt to access or circumvent passwords or other security-related information of the district, students, or employees or upload or create computer viruses, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Attempt to alter, destroy, or disable district technology resources including, but not limited to, computers and related equipment, district data, the data of others, or other networks connected to the district's system, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Use the internet or other electronic communications to threaten or harass district students, employees, board members, or volunteers, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment or infringes on the rights of another student at school.
- Send, post, deliver, or possess electronic messages that are abusive, obscene, sexually oriented, threatening, harassing, damaging to another's reputation, or illegal, including cyberbullying and "sexting," either on or off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment or infringes on the rights of another student at school.
- Use the internet or other electronic communication to engage in or encourage illegal behavior or threaten school safety, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment or infringes on the rights of another student at school.

ILLEGAL, PRESCRIPTION, AND OVER-THE-COUNTER DRUGS

Students shall not (see Glossary section for additional information):

- Possess, use, give, or sell alcohol or an illegal drug. (Also see DAEP Placement and Expulsion sections for mandatory and permissive consequences under state law.)
- Possess or sell seeds or pieces of marijuana in less than a usable amount.
- Possess, use, give, or sell paraphernalia related to any prohibited substance.
- Possess, use, abuse, or sell look-alike drugs or attempt to pass items off as drugs or contraband.
- Abuse the student's own prescription drug, give a prescription drug to another student, or possess or be under the influence of another person's prescription drug on school property or at a school-related event.
- Abuse over-the-counter drugs.
- Be under the influence of prescription or over-the-counter drugs that cause impairment of the physical or mental faculties.
- Have or take prescription drugs or over-the-counter drugs at school other than as provided by district policy.

SAFETY SECURITY TRANSGRESSIONS

Students shall not:

- Possess published or electronic material that is designed to promote or encourage illegal behavior or that could threaten school safety.

- Engage in verbal (oral or written) exchanges that threaten the safety of another student, a school employee, or school property.
- Make false accusations or perpetrate hoaxes regarding school safety.
- Engage in any conduct that school officials might reasonably believe will substantially disrupt the school program or incite violence or trespassers or violent threats.
- Throw objects that can cause bodily injury or property damage.
- Discharge a fire extinguisher without valid cause.
- Unauthorized entrance or permitting the unauthorized entrance of an individual or individuals into a Spring ISD campus or facility.

MISCELLANEOUS OFFENSES I

Students shall not:

- Violate dress code (no bedtime attire, or pajamas), including required ID badge requirement, no blankets, no hats/caps, no rags, sun glasses, or any other head covers, and grooming standards as communicated in the Student Handbook.
- Cheat or copy the work of another, gambling, falsifying records, passes, or other school-related documents.
- Engage in actions or demonstrations that substantially disrupt or materially interfere with school activities.
- Repeatedly violate other communicated campus or classroom standards of conduct. The district may impose campus or classroom rules.
- These rules may be posted in classrooms or given to the student and may or may not constitute violations of the Code.

Discipline shall be designed to improve conduct and to encourage students to adhere to their responsibilities as members of the school community. Disciplinary action shall draw on the professional judgment of teachers and administrators and on a range of discipline management techniques, including restorative practices. Discipline shall be based on the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misbehavior, the student's attitude, the effect of the misconduct on the school environment, and statutory requirements.

STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The discipline of students with disabilities is subject to applicable state and federal law in addition to the Student Code of Conduct. To the extent any conflict exists, the district shall comply with federal law. For more information regarding discipline of students with disabilities, see policy FOF(LEGAL).

In accordance with the Education Code, a student who receives special education services may not be disciplined for conduct meeting the definition of bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or making hit lists (see Glossary) until an ARD committee meeting has been held to review the conduct.

In deciding whether to order suspension, DAEP placement, or expulsion, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the district shall take into consideration a disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct.

TECHNIQUES

The following discipline management techniques may be used alone, in combination, or as part of progressive interventions for behavior prohibited by the Student Code of Conduct or by campus or classroom rules:

- Verbal correction, oral or written.
- Cooling-off time or a brief "time-out" period, in accordance with law.
- Seating changes within the classroom or vehicles owned or operated by the district.
- Temporary confiscation of items that disrupt the educational process.
- Rewards or demerits.
- Behavioral contracts.
- Counseling by teachers, school counselors, or administrative personnel.
- Parent-teacher conferences.
- Behavior coaching.
- Anger management classes.
- Mediation (victim-offender).
- Classroom circles.

- Family group conferencing.
- Grade reductions for cheating, plagiarism, and as otherwise permitted by policy.
- Detention, including outside regular school hours.
- Sending the student to the office or other assigned area, or to in-school suspension.
- Assignment of school duties, such as cleaning or picking up litter.
- Withdrawal of privileges, such as participation in extracurricular activities.
- Penalties identified in individual student organizations' extracurricular standards of behavior.
- Restriction or revocation of district transportation privileges.
- School-assessed and school-administered probation.
- Out-of-school suspension, as specified in the Out-of-School Suspension section.
- Placement in a DAEP, as specified in the DAEP section.
- Placement and/or expulsion in an alternative educational setting, as specified in Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses section.
- Expulsion, as specified in the Expulsion section.
- Referral to an outside agency or legal authority for criminal prosecution in addition to disciplinary measures imposed by the district.
- Other strategies and consequences as determined by school officials.

PROHIBITED AVERSIVE TECHNIQUES

Corporal punishment is prohibited by Board Policy. Aversive techniques are prohibited for use with students and are defined as techniques or interventions intended to reduce the reoccurrence of a behavior by intentionally inflicting significant physical or emotional discomfort or pain. Aversive techniques include:

- Using techniques designed or likely to cause physical pain.
- Using techniques designed or likely to cause physical pain by electric shock or any procedure involving pressure points or joint locks.
- Directed release of noxious, toxic, or unpleasant spray, mist, or substance near a student's face.
- Denying adequate sleep, air, food, water, shelter, bedding, physical comfort, supervision, or access to a restroom facility.
- Ridiculing or demeaning a student in a manner that adversely affects or endangers the learning or mental health of the student or constitutes verbal abuse.
- Employing a device, material, or object that immobilizes all four of a student's extremities, including prone or supine floor restraint.
- Impairing the student's breathing, including applying pressure to the student's torso or neck or placing something in, on, or over the student's mouth or nose or covering the student's face.
- Restricting the student's circulation.
- Securing the student to a stationary object while the student is standing or sitting.
- Inhibiting, reducing, or hindering the student's ability to communicate.
- Using chemical restraints.
- Using time-out in a manner that prevents the student from being able to be involved in and progress appropriately in the required curriculum or any applicable individualized education program (IEP) goals, including isolating the student by the use of physical barriers.
- Depriving the student of one or more of the student's senses unless the technique does not cause the student discomfort or complies with the student's IEP or behavior intervention plan (BIP).

NOTIFICATION

The campus behavior coordinator shall promptly notify a student's parent by phone or in person of any violation that may result in in-school or out-of-school suspension, placement in a DAEP, placement in a JJAEP, or expulsion. The campus behavior coordinator shall also notify a student's parent if the student is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer under the disciplinary provisions of the Education Code. A good faith effort shall be made on the day the action was taken to provide to the student for delivery to the student's parent written notification of the disciplinary action. If the parent has not been reached by telephone or in person by 5:00 p.m. of the first business day after the day the disciplinary action was taken, the campus behavior coordinator shall send written notification by U.S. Mail. If the campus behavior coordinator is not able to provide notice to the parent, the principal or designee shall provide the notice.

Before the principal or appropriate administrator assigns a student under age 18 to detention outside regular school hours, notice shall be given to the student's parent to inform him or her of the reason for the detention and permit arrangements for necessary transportation.

APPEALS

Questions from parents regarding disciplinary measures should be addressed to the teacher, campus administration, or campus behavior coordinator, as appropriate. Appeals or complaints regarding the use of specific discipline management techniques should be addressed in accordance with policy FNG(LOCAL). A copy of the policy may be obtained from the principal's office, the campus behavior coordinator's office, or the central administration office or through Policy On-Line at the following address: <https://pol.tasb.org/Home/Index/598>. (<https://pol.tasb.org/PolicyOnline?key=598>) The district shall not delay a disciplinary consequence while a student or parent pursues a grievance.

REMOVAL FROM THE SCHOOL BUS

A bus driver may refer a student to the principal's office or the campus behavior coordinator's office to maintain effective discipline on the bus. The principal or campus behavior coordinator must employ additional discipline management techniques, as appropriate, which can include restricting or revoking a student's bus riding privileges.

Since the district's primary responsibility in transporting students in district vehicles is to do so as safely as possible, the operator of the vehicle must focus on driving and not have his or her attention distracted by student misbehavior. Therefore, when appropriate disciplinary management techniques fail to improve student behavior or when specific misconduct warrants immediate removal, the principal or the campus behavior coordinator may restrict or revoke a student's transportation privileges, in accordance with law.

To ensure the safety of everyone on the bus, bus riders are expected to:

- Refrain from loud talking and use of profanity.
- Go to their assigned seat immediately upon entering the bus and be seated facing the front of the bus.
- Refrain from extending any part of their bodies out of the bus window.
- Refrain from touching or hanging onto the bus before boarding or after leaving.
- Not bring animals or glass containers on the bus.
- Refrain from bringing prescription or non-prescription medications on the bus. (For exceptions, such as authorized medications for asthmas or anaphylactic procedures, see Board Policy FFAC)

- Dispose of materials only after leaving the bus or before entering the bus – never throwing items out of the window of the bus.
- Ride their assigned bus unless the provisions for an exception have been met, which are listed under Transportation Changes.
- Board and leave the bus only at their designated bus stop unless provisions for an exception have been met.
- Remain 10 feet from the bus loading location until it is time to load the bus. Refrain from possession or use of tobacco or other prohibited substances on buses.
- Not eat, drink, or chew gum on the bus.
- Follow the Student Dress and Grooming Code while riding the bus.
- Do not bring electronic devices unless the student assumes all risks and the use of which is approved by the principal or bus driver.
- Keep sports equipment in a backpack that can fit on the student's lap.
- Wear campus-required school ID badges while on the bus.

SCHOOL BUS RULES & EXPECTATIONS

Prior to Loading the Bus

1. Students have a responsibility to be at the designated stop on time. The driver cannot be expected to wait. Parents are responsible for their student's behavior prior to loading the bus.
2. Students should stay at least 10 feet away from the roadway while waiting for the bus and at least 10 feet away from the moving bus and wait until the bus stops before approaching it.
3. If a student is not going to be on the bus, he/she should let the driver know in advance. Parents may contact the SISD dispatcher at 281-891-6490 AM -or- PM.
4. Students will only be picked up at designated stops.

While on the Bus

Students will respect the bus driver, other students, property, and themselves.

1. Obey the bus driver's instructions/directions the first time given.
2. Keep hands/feet off other people and their property.
3. Sit while the bus is in motion.
4. Speak only to those around them in conversational (inside) voices using respectful words.
5. Communicate any problems or conflicts with the bus driver.

After Leaving the Bus

- If a student must cross the road after leaving the bus, he/she shall wait for the driver's signal and then cross in front of the bus.
- If a student lives on the side of the road on which the bus stops, he/she shall move away from the bus immediately after getting off.
- Students will be dropped off only at designated bus stops.

BUS DISCIPLINE REFERRAL PROCEDURES

Safety is a department priority; therefore, proper conduct on school buses by all transported students is required. Transportation is a privilege granted to students contingent upon the exhibition of proper behavior, therefore, the Spring ISD Transportation Department has established transportation student behavior guidelines that apply to all students. Each student and their parent/guardian is responsible for the behavior of the student before, after & while on school-provided transportation.

A student's privilege to ride the school bus or in school-provided transportation may be suspended or revoked. Revocation of a student's bus riding privilege is not considered an exclusion, expulsion, or suspension from school. The district does not provide alternative transportation for a student that has lost his/her riding privilege. Decisions regarding special education students will be based on ARD decisions where transportation is approved as a related service.

Parents are also responsible for their child's behavior while they are at their designated bus stop. These riding rules apply there as well as in line up at school.

These bus rules have been established for all students to follow to ensure a safe ride for all:

1. Respect the bus driver, other students, property, and themselves.
2. Obey the bus driver's instructions/directions the first time given.
3. Keep hands and feet off other people and their property.
4. Sit while the bus is in motion.
5. Speak only to those around them in conversational (inside) voices using respectful words.
6. Communicate any problems or conflicts with the bus driver.

To ensure the safety of all students, the following guidelines have been established to respond to students that interfere with the safety of others on SISD provided transportation. For bus behavior consequences, refer to Appendix A on p. 44 of this student code of conduct.

This information serves as notice to parents that safety is of the highest priority of the SISD Transportation Department. These steps are in place to respond to behaviors that create a hazard to safe transportation. Parents are urged to review this information with their children, establish their own expectations for safe behavior while on school-provided transportation, and ensure that students are aware of the SISD expectations for student behavior as stated above.

VIDEO CAMERAS & CO-CURRICULAR TRIPS

Many buses have been equipped to videotape for the primary purpose of preventing disciplinary problems and vandalism on the bus. Access to and use of videotapes from buses shall be limited.

Only the transportation director, transportation administrators, transportation supervisors, principals, police, and the District Administrator shall be authorized to view the videotape for the purpose of documenting a problem and determining which student(s) may be involved.

Disciplinary action may be taken with students based on video documentation. School administrators may

authorize pupil services personnel to view segments of a specific tape if viewing the videotape is beneficial to their role in assisting the student.

CO-CURRICULAR TRIPS (Athletics, Music, Field Trips, etc.)

Although the bus driver is ultimately responsible for the safety of all who ride the bus, an adult chaperone (school staff or parent) will always be on board during co-curricular trips. The school or parent chaperone is responsible for the management of the students on the bus, student attendance counts, and follow-up with parents and/or administrators concerning student behavior problems. Chaperones should check with the driver for driver expectations regarding noise level and student behavior. Students are expected to follow all school rules and expectations.

REMOVAL FROM THE REGULAR EDUCATIONAL SETTING

In addition to other discipline management techniques, misconduct may result in removal from the regular educational setting in the form of a routine referral or a formal removal.

ROUTINE REFERRAL

A routine referral occurs when a teacher sends a student to the campus behavior coordinator's office as a discipline management technique. The campus behavior coordinator shall employ alternative discipline management techniques, including progressive interventions. A teacher or administrator may remove a student from class for a behavior that violates this Code to maintain effective discipline in the classroom. Appendix A includes information about consequences for incidents.

FORMAL REMOVAL

A teacher may also initiate a formal removal from class if:

1. The student's behavior has been documented by the teacher as repeatedly interfering with the teacher's ability to teach his or her class or with the student's classmates' ability to learn; or
2. The behavior is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that the teacher cannot teach, and the students in the classroom cannot learn.

Within three school days of the formal removal, the campus behavior coordinator or appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference with the student's parent, the student, the teacher who removed the student from class, and any other appropriate administrator. At the conference, the campus behavior coordinator or appropriate administrator shall inform the student of the alleged misconduct and the proposed consequences. The student shall have an opportunity to respond to the allegations.

When a student is removed from the regular classroom by a teacher and a conference is pending, the campus behavior coordinator or other administrator may place the student in:

- Another appropriate classroom.
- In-school suspension.

- Out-of-school suspension.
- DAEP.

A teacher or administrator must remove a student from class if the student engages in behavior that under The Education Code requires or permits the student to be placed in a DAEP or expelled. When removing for those reasons, the procedures in the subsequent sections on DAEP or expulsion shall be followed.

RETURNING A STUDENT TO THE CLASSROOM

When a student has been formally removed from class by a teacher for conduct against the teacher containing the elements of assault, aggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault, murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder, the student may not be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent. When a student has been formally removed by a teacher for any other conduct, the student may be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent if the placement review committee determines that the teacher's class is the best or only alternative available.

OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSION

Misconduct

Students may be suspended for any behavior listed in the Code as a general conduct violation, DAEP offense, or expellable offense. The district shall not use out-of-school suspension for students in grade 2 or below unless the conduct meets the requirements established in law. A student below grade 3 or a student who is homeless shall not be placed in out-of-school suspension unless, while on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property, the student engages in:

- Conduct that contains the elements of a weapons offense, as provided in Penal Code Section 46.02 or 46.05;
- Conduct that contains the elements of assault, sexual assault, aggravated assault, or aggravated sexual assault, as provided by the Penal Code; or
- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person or possessing, using, or being under the influence of any amount of marijuana, an alcoholic beverage, or a controlled substance or dangerous drug as defined by federal or state law.

The district shall use a positive behavior program as a disciplinary alternative for students below grade 3 who commit general conduct violations instead of suspension or placement in a DAEP. The program shall meet the requirements of law.

Process

State law allows a student to be suspended for no more than three school days per behavior violation, with no limit on the number of times a student may be suspended in a semester or school year. Before being suspended a student shall have an informal conference with the campus behavior coordinator or appropriate administrator, who shall advise the student of the alleged misconduct. The student shall have the opportunity to respond to the allegation before the administrator makes a decision. The campus behavior coordinator shall determine the number of days of a student's suspension, not to exceed three school days.

In deciding whether to order out-of-school suspension, the campus behavior coordinator shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see Glossary),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

The appropriate administrator shall determine any restrictions on participation in school- sponsored or school-related extracurricular and cocurricular activities.

Coursework During Suspension

The district shall ensure a student receives access to coursework for foundation curriculum courses while the student is placed in in-school or out-of-school suspension, including at least one method of receiving this coursework that doesn't require the use of the internet. A student removed from the regular classroom to in-school suspension or another setting, other than a DAEP, will have an opportunity to complete before the beginning of the next school year each course the student was enrolled in at the time of removal from the regular classroom. The district may provide the opportunity by any method available, including a correspondence course, another distance learning option, or summer school. The district will not charge the student for any method of completion provided by the district.

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ADDRESSING INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOR IN AN EQUITABLE MANNER

The goal of managing discipline is to address inappropriate behavior in an equitable manner. Students must be provided an opportunity to learn the skills to self-correct. Additionally, consequences should allow students to reflect on their actions, outline a plan for preventing incidents from reoccurring, and permit students to restore relationships with those who may have been affected by the behavior.

*Dr. Alfred M. James
Principal, Carl Wunsche Senior High School*

SPRING ISD 4 Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP) Placement

The DAEP shall be provided in a setting other than the student's regular classroom. An elementary school student may not be placed in a DAEP with a student who is not an elementary school student. For purposes of DAEP, elementary classification shall be kindergarten–grade 5 (ages 6 and higher) and secondary classification shall be grades 6–12. A student who is expelled for an offense that otherwise would have resulted in a DAEP placement does not have to be placed in a DAEP in addition to the expulsion.

In deciding whether to place a student in a DAEP, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the campus behavior coordinator shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see Glossary),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective such as foster care.
6. A student's status as homeless. (A homeless shall not be placed in out-of-school suspension unless for: weapons offense, assault, sexual assault, aggravated assault, or aggravated sexual assault, or selling, giving, or delivering to another person or possessing, using, or being under the influence of any amount of marijuana, an alcoholic beverage, or a controlled substance or dangerous drug as defined by federal or state law.)

DISCRETIONARY PLACEMENT: MISCONDUCT THAT MAY RESULT IN DAEP PLACEMENT

A student may be placed in a DAEP for behaviors prohibited in the General Conduct Violations section of this Code.

Misconduct Identified in State Law

In accordance with state law, a student may be placed in a DAEP for any one of the following offenses (see Glossary section for additional information):

- Engaging in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide.
- Inciting violence against a student through group bullying.
- Releasing or threatening to release intimate visual material of a minor or of a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
- Involvement in a public school fraternity, sorority, or secret society, including participating as a member or pledge, or soliciting another person to become a pledge or member of a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang.
- Involvement in criminal street gang activity.
- Criminal mischief, not punishable as a felony.

- Assault (no bodily injury) with threat of imminent bodily injury.
- Assault by offensive or provocative physical contact.
- In accordance with state law, a student may be placed in a DAEP if the superintendent or the superintendent's designee has reasonable belief that the student has engaged in conduct punishable as a felony, other than aggravated robbery or those listed as offenses in

Title 5 of the Penal Code, that occurs off school property and not at a school- sponsored or school-related event, if the student's presence in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.

The campus behavior coordinator may, but is not required to, place a student in a DAEP for off- campus conduct for which DAEP placement is required by state law if the administrator does not have knowledge of the conduct before the first anniversary of the date the conduct occurred.

MANDATORY PLACEMENT: MISCONDUCT THAT REQUIRES DAEP PLACEMENT

A student must be placed in a DAEP if the student (see Glossary section for additional information):

- Engages in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school.
- Commits the following offenses on school property or within 300 feet of school property as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:
 - o Engages in conduct punishable as a felony.
 - o Commits an assault under Penal Code 22.01(a)(1).
 - o Sells, gives, or delivers to another person, or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of marijuana, a controlled substance, or a dangerous drug in an amount not constituting a felony offense. A student with a valid prescription for low-THC cannabis as authorized by Chapter 487 of the Health and Safety Code does not violate this provision. (School- related felony drug offenses are addressed in Expulsion on page 26.) (See glossary for "under the influence.")
 - o Sells, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic beverage; commits a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol; or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of alcohol, if the conduct is not punishable as a felony offense. (School-related felony alcohol offenses are addressed in the Expulsion section.)
 - o Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals.
 - o Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of the offense of public lewdness or indecent exposure.
 - o Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense of harassment against an employee under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), (2), (3), or (7).
- Engages in expellable conduct and is between six and nine years of age.
- Commits a federal firearms violation and is younger than six years of age.
- Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of retaliation against any school employee or volunteer on or off school property. (Committing retaliation in combination with another expellable offense is addressed in the Expulsion section.)
- Engages in conduct punishable as aggravated robbery or a felony listed under Title 5 of the Penal Code when the conduct occurs off school property and not at a school-sponsored or school-related

- event and:
- o The student receives deferred prosecution,
- o A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delinquent conduct, or
- o The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief that the student engaged in the conduct.

SEXUAL ASSAULT AND CAMPUS ASSIGNMENTS

If a student has been convicted of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children or convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication for sexual assault or aggravated sexual assault against another student on the same campus, and if the victim's parent or another person with the authority to act on behalf of the victim requests that the board transfer the offending student to another campus, the offending student shall be transferred to another campus in the district. If there is no other campus in the district serving the grade level of the offending student, the offending student shall be transferred to a DAEP.

PROCESS

Removals to a DAEP shall be made by the campus behavior coordinator.

Conference

When a student is removed from class for a DAEP offense, the campus behavior coordinator or appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference within three school days with the student's parent, the student, and the teacher, in the case of a teacher removal. At the conference, the campus behavior coordinator or appropriate administrator shall inform the student, orally or in writing, of the reasons for the removal and shall give the student an explanation of the basis for the removal and an opportunity to respond to the reasons for the removal. Following valid attempts to require attendance, the district may hold the conference and make a placement decision regardless of whether the student or the student's parents attend the conference.

Consideration of Mitigating Factors

In deciding whether to place a student in a DAEP, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the campus behavior coordinator shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense,
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct, or
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

Placement Order

After the conference, if the student is placed in the DAEP, the campus behavior coordinator shall write a placement order. A copy of the DAEP placement order shall be sent to the student and the student's parent. If the student is placed in the DAEP and the length of placement is inconsistent with the guidelines included in this Code, the placement order shall give notice of the inconsistency.

Coursework Notice

The parent or guardian of a student placed in DAEP shall be given written notice of the student's opportunity to complete a foundation curriculum course in which the student was enrolled at the time of removal, and which is required for graduation, at no cost to the student. The notice shall include information regarding all methods available for completing the coursework.

LENGTH OF PLACEMENT

The standard duration of a student's placement in DAEP is 45 days for secondary students and 30 days for elementary students. This period may be extended or reduced based on the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misconduct, the student's attitude, and statutory requirements. The maximum period of DAEP placement shall be one calendar year, except as provided below. Unless otherwise specified in the placement order, days absent from a DAEP shall not count toward fulfilling the total number of days required in a student's DAEP placement order.

The district shall administer the required pre- and post-assessments for students assigned to DAEP for a period of 90 days or longer in accordance with established district administrative procedures for administering other diagnostic or benchmark assessments.

Exceeds One Year

Placement in a DAEP may exceed one year when a review by the district determines that the student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees. The statutory limitations on the length of a DAEP placement do not apply to a placement resulting from the board's decision to place a student who engaged in the sexual assault of another student so that the students are not assigned to the same campus.

Exceeds School Year

Students who commit offenses requiring placement in a DAEP at the end of one school year may be required to continue that placement at the start of the next school year to complete the assigned term of placement. For placement in a DAEP to extend beyond the end of the school year, the campus behavior coordinator or the board's designee must determine that:

1. The student's presence in the regular classroom or campus presents a danger of physical harm to the student or others, or
2. The student has engaged in serious or persistent misbehavior (see glossary) that violates the district's Code.

Exceeds 60 Days

For placement in a DAEP to extend beyond 60 days or the end of the next grading period, whichever is sooner, a student's parent shall be given notice and the opportunity to participate in a proceeding before the board or the board's designee.

APPEALS

Questions from parents regarding disciplinary measures should be addressed to the campus administration.

Student or parent appeals regarding a student's placement in a DAEP should be addressed in accordance with policy FNG(LOCAL) and FOC(LOCAL). A copy of this policy may be obtained from the principal's office, the campus behavior coordinator's office, the central administration office, or through Policy On Line at the following address: <https://pol.tasb.org/Policy/Code/598?filter=FOC>. Appeals shall begin at Level One with the campus principal. The district shall not delay disciplinary consequences pending the outcome of an appeal. The decision to place a student in a DAEP cannot be appealed beyond the board.

RESTRICTIONS DURING PLACEMENT

State law prohibits a student placed in a DAEP for reasons specified in state law from attending or participating in school-sponsored or school-related extracurricular activities.

The district shall provide transportation to students in a DAEP from designated DAEP bus stop locations, unless he or she is a student with a disability who is entitled to transportation in accordance with the student's individualized education program (IEP) or Section 504 plan.

The district does not permit a student who is placed in a DAEP to participate in any school-sponsored or school-related extracurricular or co-curricular activity, including seeking or holding honorary positions and/or membership in school-sponsored clubs and organizations.

For seniors who are eligible to graduate and are assigned to a DAEP at the time of graduation, the last day of placement in the program shall be the last instructional day, and the student shall be allowed to participate in the graduation ceremony and related graduation activities unless otherwise specified in the DAEP placement order.

PLACEMENT REVIEW

A student placed in a DAEP shall be provided a review of his or her status, including academic status, by the campus behavior coordinator or the board's designee at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the case of a high school student, the student's progress toward graduation and the student's graduation plan shall also

be reviewed. At the review, the student or the student's parent shall be given the opportunity to present arguments for the student's return to the regular classroom or campus. The student may not be returned to the classroom of a teacher who removed the student without that teacher's consent.

ADDITIONAL MISCONDUCT

If during the term of placement in a DAEP the student engages in additional misconduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted, and the campus behavior coordinator may enter an additional disciplinary order as a result of those proceedings.

NOTICE OF CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS

When a student is placed in a DAEP for certain offenses, the office of the prosecuting attorney shall notify the district if:

1. Prosecution of a student's case was refused for lack of prosecutorial merit or insufficient evidence and no formal proceedings, deferred adjudication (see glossary), or deferred prosecution will be initiated; or
2. The court or jury found a student not guilty, or made a finding that the student did not engage in delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision, and the case was dismissed with prejudice.

If a student was placed in a DAEP for such conduct, on receiving the notice from the prosecutor, the superintendent or designee shall review the student's placement and schedule a review with the student's parent not later than the third day after the superintendent or designee receives notice from the prosecutor. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the review.

After reviewing the notice and receiving information from the student's parent, the superintendent or designee may continue the student's placement if there is reason to believe that the presence of the a student in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers.

The student or the student's parent may appeal the superintendent's decision to the board. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal. In the case of an appeal, the board shall, at the next scheduled meeting, review the notice from the prosecutor and receive information from the student, the student's parent, and the superintendent or designee, and confirm or reverse the decision of the superintendent or designee. The board shall make a record of the proceedings.

If the board confirms the decision of the superintendent or designee, the student and the student's parents may appeal to the Commissioner of Education. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal.

WITHDRAWAL DURING PROCESS

When a student violates the district's Code in a way that requires or permits the student to be placed in a DAEP and the student withdraws from the district before a placement order is completed, the campus behavior coordinator may complete the proceedings and issue a placement order. If the student then re-enrolls in the district during the same or a subsequent school year, the district may enforce the order at that time, less any period of the placement that has been served by the student during enrollment in another district. If the campus behavior coordinator or the board fails to issue a placement order after the student withdraws, the next district in which the student enrolls may complete the proceedings and issue a placement order.

NEWLY ENROLLED STUDENTS

A newly enrolled student with a DAEP placement from a district in another state shall be placed as any other newly enrolled student if the behavior committed is a reason for DAEP placement in the receiving district.

If the student was placed in a DAEP by a school district in another state for a period that exceeds one year,

this district, by state law, shall reduce the period of the placement so that the total placement does not exceed one year. After a review, however, the placement may be extended beyond a year if the district determines that the student is a threat to the safety of other students or employees or the extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

EMERGENCY PLACEMENT PROCEDURE

When an emergency placement is necessary because the student's behavior is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that it seriously interferes with classroom or school operations, the student shall be given oral notice of the reason for the action. Not later than the tenth day after the date of the placement, the student shall be given the appropriate conference required for assignment to a DAEP.

TRANSITION SERVICES

In accordance with law and district procedures, campus staff shall provide transition services to a student returning to the regular classroom from an alternative education program, including a DAEP. See policy FOCA(LEGAL) for more information.

PLACEMENT AND/OR EXPULSION FOR CERTAIN OFFENSES

This section includes two categories of offenses for which the Education Code provides unique procedures and specific consequences.

REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS

Upon receiving notification in accordance with state law that a student is currently required to register as a sex offender, the district must remove the student from the regular classroom and determine appropriate placement unless the court orders JJAEP placement.

If the student is under any form of court supervision, including probation, community supervision, or parole, The placement shall be in either DAEP or JJAEP for at least one semester.

If the student is not under any form of court supervision, the placement may be in DAEP or JJAEP for one semester or the placement may be in a regular classroom. The placement may not be in the regular classroom if the board or its designee determines that the student's presence:

1. Threatens the safety of other students or teachers,
2. Will be detrimental to the educational process, or
3. Is not in the best interests of the district's students.

Review Committee

At the end of the first semester of a student's placement in an alternative educational setting and before the beginning of each school year for which the student remains in an alternative placement, the district shall convene a committee, in accordance with state law, to review the student's placement. The committee shall

recommend whether the student should return to the regular classroom or remain in the placement. Absent a special finding, the board or its designee must follow the committee's recommendation.

The placement review of a student with a disability who receives special education services must be made by the ARD committee.

Newly Enrolled Student

If a student enrolls in the district during a mandatory placement as a registered sex offender, the district may count any time already spent by the student in a placement or may require an additional semester in an alternative placement without conducting a review of the placement.

Appeal

A student or the student's parent may appeal the placement by requesting a conference between the board or its designee, the student, and the student's parent. The conference is limited to the factual question of whether the student is required to register as a sex offender. Any decision of the board or its designee under this section is final and may not be appealed.

CERTAIN FELONIES

Regardless of whether placement or expulsion is required or permitted by one of the reasons in the DAEP Placement or Expulsion sections, in accordance with Education Code 37.0081, a student may be expelled and placed in either DAEP or JJAEP if the board or campus behavior coordinator makes certain findings and the following circumstances exist in relation to aggravated robbery or a felony offense under Title 5 (see glossary) of the Penal Code. The student must:

- Have received deferred prosecution for conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense;
- Have been found by a court or jury to have engaged in delinquent conduct for conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense;
- Have been charged with engaging in conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense;
- Have been referred to a juvenile court for allegedly engaging in delinquent conduct for conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense; or
- Have received probation or deferred adjudication or have been arrested for, charged with, or convicted of aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense.

The district may expel the student and order placement under these circumstances regardless of:

- The date on which the student's conduct occurred, The location at which the conduct occurred,
- Whether the conduct occurred while the student was enrolled in the district, or
- Whether the student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements imposed in connection with the conduct.

Hearing and Required Findings

The student must first have a hearing before the board or its designee, who must determine that in addition to the circumstances above that allow for the expulsion, the student's presence in the regular classroom:

1. Threatens the safety of other students or teachers, Will be detrimental to the educational process, or

2. Is not in the best interest of the district's students.
3. Any decision of the board or the board's designee under this section is final and may not be appealed.

Length of Placement

The student is subject to the placement until:

1. The student graduates from high school,
2. The charges are dismissed or reduced to a misdemeanor offense, or
3. The student completes the term of the placement or is assigned to another program.

Placement Review

A student placed in a DAEP or JJAEP under these circumstances is entitled to a review of his or her status, including academic status, by the campus behavior coordinator or board's designee at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the case of a high school student, the student's progress toward graduation and the student's graduation plan shall also be reviewed. At the review, the student or the student's parent shall have the opportunity to present arguments for the student's return to the regular classroom or campus.

Newly Enrolled Students

A student who enrolls in the district before completing a placement under this section from another school district must complete the term of the placement.

SPRING ISD 5 Expulsion

In deciding whether to order expulsion, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the campus behavior coordinator shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see glossary),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

DISCRETIONARY EXPULSION: MISCONDUCT THAT MAY RESULT IN EXPULSION

Some of the following types of misconduct may result in mandatory placement in a DAEP, whether or not a student is expelled. (See DAEP Placement section)

Any Location

A student **may** be expelled for:

- Engaging in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide.
- Inciting violence against a student through group bullying.
- Releasing or threatening to release intimate visual material of a minor or of a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
- Conduct that contains the elements of assault under Penal Code 22.01(a)(1) in retaliation against a school employee or volunteer.
- Criminal mischief, if punishable as a felony.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of one of the following offenses against another student:
 - Aggravated assault.
 - Sexual assault.
 - Aggravated sexual assault.
 - Murder.
 - Capital murder.
 - Criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
 - Aggravated robbery.

- Breach of computer security. (See Glossary)
- Engaging in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school.

At School, Within 300 Feet, or at a School Event

A student **may** be expelled for committing any of the following offenses on or within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person, or possessing, using, or being under the influence of marijuana, a controlled substance, or a dangerous drug, if the conduct is not punishable as a felony. A student with a valid prescription for low-THC cannabis as authorized by Chapter 487 of the Health and Safety Code does not violate this provision. (See Glossary for "under the influence.")
- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person, or possessing, using, or being under the influence of alcohol; or committing a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol, if the conduct is not punishable as a felony.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals. □ Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of assault under Section 22.01(a)(1) against an employee or a volunteer.
- Engaging in deadly conduct. (See Glossary.)

Within 300 Feet of School

A student **may** be expelled for engaging in the following conduct while within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line:

- Aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault.
- Arson. (See Glossary.)
- Murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
- Indecency with a child, aggravated kidnapping, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide, or aggravated robbery.
- Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children.
- Felony drug- or alcohol-related offense.
- Unlawfully carrying on or about the student's person a handgun or a location-restricted knife, as these terms are defined by state law. (See Glossary.)
- Possessing, manufacturing, transporting, repairing, or selling a prohibited weapon, as defined by state law. (See Glossary)
- Possession of a firearm, as defined by federal law. (See Glossary.)

Property of Another District

A student **may** be expelled for committing any offense that is a state-mandated expellable offense if the offense is committed on the property of another district in Texas or while the student is attending a school sponsored or school-related activity of a school in another district in Texas.

While in DAEP

A student may be expelled for engaging in documented serious misbehavior that violates the district's Code, despite documented behavioral interventions while placed in a DAEP. For purposes of discretionary expulsion from a DAEP, serious misbehavior means:

1. Deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;
2. Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;

3. Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code; or
4. Conduct that constitutes the offense of:
 - a. Public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07;
 - b. Indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08;
 - c. Criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03;
 - d. Hazing under Education Code 37.152; or
 - e. Harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1) of a student or district employee.

MANDATORY EXPULSION: MISCONDUCT THAT REQUIRES EXPULSION

A student must be expelled under federal or state law for any of the following offenses that occur on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

Under Federal Law

Bringing to school or possessing at school, including any setting that is under the district's control or supervision for the purpose of a school activity, a firearm, as defined by federal law. (See Glossary.)

Note: Mandatory expulsion under the federal Gun Free Schools Act does not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored inside a locked vehicle, or to firearms used in activities approved and authorized by the district when the district has adopted appropriate safeguards to ensure student safety.

Under the Penal Code

- Unlawfully carrying on or about the student's person the following, in the manner prohibited by Penal Code 46.02:
 - A handgun, defined by state law as any firearm designed, made, or adapted to be used with one hand. (See Glossary.)
 - Note: A student may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's use, exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs at an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus, while participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored, shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wildlife Department, or a shooting sports sanctioning organization working with the department. [See policy FNCG(LEGAL).]
 - A location-restricted knife, as defined by state law. (See Glossary.)
- Possessing, manufacturing, transporting, repairing, or selling a prohibited weapon, as defined in state law. (See Glossary.)
- Behaving in a manner that contains elements of the following offenses under the Penal Code:
 - Aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault.
 - Arson. (See Glossary.)
 - Murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
 - Indecency with a child.
 - Aggravated kidnapping.
 - Aggravated robbery.
 - Manslaughter.
 - Criminally negligent homicide.
 - Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children.

- Behavior punishable as a felony that involves selling, giving, or delivering to another person, or possessing, using, or being under the influence of marijuana, a controlled substance, a dangerous drug, or alcohol; or committing a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol.
- Engaging in retaliation against a school employee or volunteer combined with one of the above-listed mandatory expulsion offenses.

UNDER AGE TEN

When a student under the age of ten or enrolled in grades three through five engages in behavior that is expellable behavior, the student shall not be expelled, but shall be placed in a DAEP. A student under age six shall not be placed in a DAEP unless the student commits a federal firearm offense.

PROCESS

If a student is believed to have committed an expellable offense, the campus behavior coordinator or other appropriate administrator shall schedule a hearing within a reasonable time. The student's parents shall be invited in writing to attend the hearing.

Until a hearing can be held, the campus behavior coordinator or other administrator may place the student in:

- Another appropriate classroom. In-school suspension.
- Out-of-school suspension.
- DAEP.

Hearing

A student facing expulsion shall be given a hearing with appropriate due process. The student is entitled to:

1. Representation by the student's parent or another adult who can provide guidance to the student and who is not an employee of the district,
2. An opportunity to testify and to present evidence and witnesses in the student's defense, and
3. An opportunity to question the witnesses called by the district at the hearing.
4. After providing notice to the student and parent of the hearing, the district may hold the hearing regardless of whether the student or the student's parent attends.

The board of trustees delegates to the Student Affairs representative or designee to conduct hearings and expel students.

Board Review of Expulsion

After the due process hearing, the expelled student may request that the board review the expulsion decisions. The student or parent must submit a written request to the superintendent within seven days after receipt of the written decision. The superintendent must provide the student or parent written notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting at which the board will review the decision.

The board shall review the record of the expulsion hearing in a closed meeting unless the parent requests in writing that the matter be held in an open meeting. The board may also hear a statement from the student or parent and from the board's designee.

The board shall hear statements made by the parties at the review and shall base its decision on evidence reflected in the record and any statements made by the parties at the review. The board shall make and communicate its decision orally at the conclusion of the presentation. Consequences shall not be deferred pending the outcome of the hearing.

Expulsion Order

Before ordering the expulsion, the board or campus behavior coordinator shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see Glossary),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

If the student is expelled, the board or its designee shall deliver to the student and the student's parent a copy of the order expelling the student.

Not later than the second business day after the hearing, the Chief of School Leadership and Student Support Services shall deliver to the juvenile court a copy of the expulsion order and the information required by Section 52.04 of the Family Code.

If the length of the expulsion is inconsistent with the guidelines included in the Student Code of Conduct, the expulsion order shall give notice of the inconsistency.

LENGTH OF EXPULSION

The length of an expulsion shall be based on the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misbehavior, the student's attitude, and statutory requirements. The duration of a student's expulsion shall be determined on a case-by-case basis. The maximum period of expulsion is one calendar year, except as provided below.

An expulsion may not exceed one year unless, after review, the district determines that:

1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees, or
2. Extended expulsion is in the best interest of the student.

State and federal law require a student to be expelled from the regular classroom for a period of at least one calendar year for bringing a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. However, the superintendent may modify the length of the expulsion on a case-by-case basis. Students who commit offenses that require expulsion at the end of one school year may be expelled into the next school year to complete the term of expulsion.

WITHDRAWAL DURING PROCESS

When a student has violated the district's Code in a way that requires or permits expulsion from the district and the student withdraws from the district before the expulsion hearing takes place, the district may conduct the hearing after sending written notice to the parent and student.

If the student then re-enrolls in the district during the same or subsequent school year, the district may enforce the expulsion order at that time, less any expulsion period that has been served by the student

during enrollment in another district.

If the campus behavior coordinator or the board fails to issue an expulsion order after the student withdraws, the next district in which the student enrolls may complete the proceedings.

ADDITIONAL MISCONDUCT

If during the expulsion, the student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted, and the campus behavior coordinator or the board may issue an additional disciplinary order as a result of those proceedings.

RESTRICTIONS DURING EXPULSION

Expelled students are prohibited from being on school grounds or attending school-sponsored or school related activities during the period of expulsion. No district academic credit shall be earned for work missed during the period of expulsion unless the student is enrolled in a JJAEP or another district-approved program.

NEWLY ENROLLED STUDENTS

The district shall continue the expulsion of any newly enrolled student expelled from another district or an open-enrollment charter school until the period of the expulsion is completed.

If a student expelled in another state enrolls in the district, the district may continue the expulsion under the terms of the expulsion order, may place the student in a DAEP for the period specified in the order, or may allow the student to attend regular classes if:

1. The out-of-state district provides the district with a copy of the expulsion order, and
2. The offense resulting in the expulsion is also an expellable offense in the district in which the student is enrolling.

If a student is expelled by a district in another state for a period that exceeds one year and the district continues the expulsion or places the student in a DAEP, the district shall reduce the period of the expulsion or DAEP placement so that the entire period does not exceed one year, unless after a review it is determined that:

1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or district employees, or
2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

EMERGENCY EXPULSION PROCEDURES

When an emergency expulsion is necessary to protect persons or property from imminent harm, the student shall be given verbal notice of the reason for the action. Within ten days after the date of the emergency expulsion, the student shall be given appropriate due process required for a student facing expulsion.

DAEP PLACEMENT OF EXPELLED STUDENTS

The district may provide educational services to any expelled student in a DAEP; however, educational services in the DAEP must be provided if the student is less than ten years of age.

TRANSITION SERVICES

In accordance with law and district procedures, campus staff shall provide transition services for a student returning to the regular classroom from placement in an alternative education program, including a DAEP or JJAEP. See policies FOCA(LEGAL) and FODA(LEGAL) for more information.

Abuse is improper or excessive use.

Aggravated robbery is defined in part by Penal Code 29.03(a) as when a person commits robbery and:

1. Causes serious bodily injury to another;
2. Uses or exhibits a deadly weapon; or
3. Causes bodily injury to another person or threatens or places another person in
 - b. A disabled person.

Armor-piercing ammunition is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as handgun ammunition used in pistols and revolvers and designed primarily for the purpose of penetrating metal or body armor.

Arson is defined in part by Penal Code 28.02 as:

1. A crime that involves starting a fire or causing an explosion with intent to destroy or damage:
 - a. Any vegetation, fence, or structure on open-space land; or
 - b. Any building, habitation, or vehicle:
 - i. Knowing that it is within the limits of an incorporated city or town,
 - ii. Knowing that it is insured against damage or destruction,
 - iii. Knowing that it is subject to a mortgage or other security interest,
 - iv. Knowing that it is located on property belonging to another,
 - v. Knowing that it has located within it property belonging to another, or
 - vi. When the person starting the fire is reckless about whether the burning or explosion will endanger the life of some individual or the safety of the property of another.

fear of imminent bodily injury or death, if the other person is:

- a. 65 years of age or older, or

2. A crime that involves recklessly starting a fire or causing an explosion while manufacturing or attempting to manufacture a controlled substance and the fire or explosion damages any building, habitation, or vehicle; or
3. A crime that involves intentionally starting a fire or causing an explosion and in so doing:
 - a. Recklessly damages or destroys a building belonging to another, or
 - b. Recklessly causes another person to suffer bodily injury or death.

Assault is defined in part by Penal Code §22.01(a) (1) as intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing bodily injury to another; §22.01(a)(2) as intentionally or knowingly threatening another with imminent bodily injury; and §22.01(a)(3) as intentionally or knowingly causing physical contact with another that can reasonably be regarded as offensive or provocative.

Breach of computer security includes knowingly accessing a computer, computer network, or computer system without the effective consent of the owner as defined in Penal Code 33.02, if the conduct involves accessing a computer, computer network, or computer system owned by or operated on behalf of a school district; and the student knowingly alters, damages, or deletes school district property or information; or commits a breach of any other computer, computer network, or computer system.

Bullying is defined in Section 37.0832 of the Education Code as a single significant act or a pattern of acts by one or more students directed at another student that exploits an imbalance of power and involves engaging in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic means, or physical conduct that:

1. Has the effect or will have the effect of physically harming a student, damaging a student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or of damage to the student's property;
2. Is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive enough that the action or threat creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment for a student;
3. Materially and substantially disrupts the educational process or the orderly operation of a classroom or school; or
4. Infringes on the rights of the victim at school.

Bullying includes cyberbullying. (See below)
This state law on bullying prevention applies to:

1. Bullying that occurs on or is delivered to school property or to the site of a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property;
2. Bullying that occurs on a publicly or privately owned school bus or vehicle being used for transportation of students to or from school or a school-sponsored or school-related activity; and
3. Cyberbullying that occurs off school property or outside of a school-sponsored or school-related activity if the cyberbullying interferes with a student's educational opportunities or substantially disrupts the orderly operation of a classroom, school, or school-sponsored or school-related activity.

Chemical dispensing device is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a device designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of dispensing a substance capable of causing an adverse psychological or physiological effect on a human being. A small chemical dispenser sold commercially for personal protection is not in this category.

Club is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as an instrument specially designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury or death. A blackjack, nightstick,

mace, and tomahawk are in the same category.

Controlled substance means a substance, including a drug, an adulterant, and a diluent, listed in Schedules I through V or Penalty Group 1, 1-A, 2, 2-A, 3, or 4 of the Texas Controlled Substances Act. The term includes the aggregate weight of any mixture, solution, or other substance containing a controlled substance. The term does not include by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Criminal street gang is defined by Penal Code 71.01 as three or more persons having a common identifying sign or symbol or an identifiable leadership who continuously or regularly associate in the commission of criminal activities.

Cyberbullying is defined by Section 37.0832 of the Education Code as bullying that is done through the use of any electronic communication device, including through the use of a cellular or other type of telephone, a computer, a camera, electronic mail, instant messaging, text messaging, a social media application, an internet website, or any other internet-based communication tool. hemp, as defined by Agriculture Code 121.001, or the tetrahydrocannabinols (THC) in hemp.

Dangerous drugs are defined by Health and Safety Code 483.001 as a device or a drug that is unsafe for self-medication and that is not included in Schedules I through V or Penalty Groups 1 through 4 of the Texas Controlled Substances Act. The term includes a device or drug that federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription or restricts to use

Dating violence occurs when a person in a current or past dating relationship uses physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another person in the relationship. Dating violence also occurs when a person commits these acts against a person in a marriage or dating relationship with the individual who is or was once in a marriage or dating relationship with the person committing the offense, as defined by Section 71.0021 of the Family Code.

Deadly conduct under Penal Code 22.05 occurs

when a person recklessly engages in conduct that places another in imminent danger of serious bodily injury, such as knowingly discharging a firearm in the direction of an individual, habitation, building, or vehicle.

Deferred adjudication is an alternative to seeking a conviction in court that may be offered to a juvenile for delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.

Deferred prosecution may be offered to a juvenile as an alternative to seeking a conviction in court for delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.

Delinquent conduct is conduct that violates either state or federal law and is punishable by imprisonment or confinement in jail. It includes conduct that violates certain juvenile court orders, including probation orders, but does not include violations of traffic laws.

Discretionary means that something is left to or regulated by a local decision maker.

E-cigarette means an electronic cigarette or any other device that simulates smoking by using a mechanical heating element, battery, or electronic circuit to deliver nicotine or other substances to the individual inhaling from the device. The term includes any device that is manufactured, distributed, or sold as an e-cigarette, e-cigar, or e-pipe, vaping device or under another product name or description and a component, part, or accessory for the device, regardless of whether the component, part, or accessory is sold separately from the device.

Explosive weapon is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as any explosive or incendiary bomb, grenade, rocket, or mine and its delivery mechanism that is designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage, or for the principal purpose of causing such a loud report as to cause undue public alarm or

terror.

False alarm or report under Penal Code 42.06 occurs when a person knowingly initiates, communicates, or circulates a report of a present, past, or future bombing, fire, offense, or other emergency that he or she knows is false or baseless and that would ordinarily:

1. Cause action by an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies;
2. Place a person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury; or
3. Prevent or interrupt the occupation of a building, room, or place of assembly.

Firearms are defined by federal law (18 U.S.C. 921(a)):

1. Any weapon (including a starter gun) that will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive;
2. The frame or receiver of any such weapon;
3. Any firearm muffler or firearm weapon; or
4. Any destructive device, such as any explosive, incendiary or poison gas bomb, or grenade. Such a term does not include an antique

Firearm silencer is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as any device designed, made, or adapted to muffle the report of a firearm.

Graffiti includes markings with paint, an indelible pen or marker, or an etching or engraving device on tangible property without the effective consent of the owner. The markings may include inscriptions, slogans, drawings, or paintings.

Handgun is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as any firearm that is designed, made, or adapted to be fired with one hand.

Harassment includes:

1. Conduct that meets the definition established in district policies DIA(LOCAL)

and FFH(LOCAL);

2. Conduct that threatens to cause harm or bodily injury to another person, including a district student, employee, board member, or volunteer; is sexually intimidating; causes physical damage to the property of another student; subjects another student to physical confinement or restraint; or maliciously and substantially harms another student's physical or emotional health or safety, as defined in Section 37.001(b)(2) of the Education Code; or
3. Conduct that is punishable as a crime under Penal Code 42.07, including the following types of conduct if carried out with the intent to harass, annoy, alarm, abuse, torment, or embarrass another:
 - A. Initiating communication and, in the course of the communication, making a comment, request, suggestion, or proposal that is obscene, as defined by law;
 - B. Threatening, in a manner reasonably likely to alarm the person receiving the threat, to inflict bodily injury on the person or to commit a felony against the person, a member of the person's family or household, or the person's property;
 - C. Conveying, in a manner reasonably likely to alarm the person receiving the report, a false report, which is known by the conveyor to be false, that another person has suffered death or serious bodily injury; and
 - D. Sending repeated electronic communications in a manner reasonably likely to harass, annoy, alarm, abuse, torment, embarrass, or offend another.

Hazing is defined by Section 37.151 of the Education Code as an intentional, knowing, or reckless act, on or off campus, by one person alone or acting with others, directed against a student for the purpose of pledging, initiation into, affiliation with, holding office in, or

maintaining membership in a student organization if the act meets the elements in Education Code 37.151, including:

1. Any type of physical brutality;
2. An activity that subjects the student to an unreasonable risk of harm or that adversely affects the student's mental or physical health, such as sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement to small spaces, calisthenics, or consumption of food, liquids, drugs, or other substances;
3. An activity that induces, causes, or requires the student to perform a duty or task that violates the Penal Code; and
4. Coercing a student to consume a drug or alcoholic beverage in an amount that would lead a reasonable person to believe the student is intoxicated.

Hit list is defined in Section 37.001(b)(3) of the Education Code as a list of people targeted to be harmed, using a firearm, a knife, or any other object to be used with intent to cause bodily harm.

Improvised explosive device is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a completed and operational bomb designed to cause serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage that is fabricated in an improvised manner using nonmilitary components.

Indecent exposure is defined by Penal Code 21.08 as an offense that occurs when a person exposes the person's anus or any part of the person's genitals with intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person, and is reckless about whether another is present who will be offended or alarmed by the act.

Intimate visual material is defined by Civil Practices and Remedies Code 98B.001 and Penal Code 21.16 as visual material that depicts a person with the person's intimate parts exposed or engaged in sexual conduct. "Visual material" means any film, photograph, video tape, negative, or slide of any photographic reproduction or any other physical medium that

allows an image to be displayed on a computer or other video screen and any image transmitted to a computer or other video screen.

Location-restricted knife is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a knife with a blade over five and one-half inches.

Knuckles means any instrument consisting of finger rings or guards made of a hard substance and designed or adapted for inflicting serious bodily injury or death by striking a person with a fist enclosed in the knuckles.

Look-alike weapon means an item that resembles a weapon but is not intended to be used to cause serious bodily injury.

Machine gun as defined by Penal Code 46.01 is any firearm that is capable of shooting more than two shots automatically, without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger.

Mandatory means that something is obligatory or required because of an authority.

Paraphernalia are devices that can be used for inhaling, ingesting, injecting, or otherwise introducing a controlled substance into a human body.

Possession means to have an item on one's person or in one's personal property, including, but not limited to, clothing, purse, or backpack; a private vehicle used for transportation to or from school or school-related activities, including, but not limited, to an automobile, truck, motorcycle, or bicycle; telecommunications or electronic devices; or any school property used by the student, including, but not limited to, a locker or desk.

Prohibited weapon under Penal Code 46.05(a) means:

1. The following items unless registered with the U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives or otherwise not subject to that registration requirement or

unless the item is classified as a curio or relic by the U.S. Department of Justice:

- a. An explosive weapon;
 - b. A machine gun;
 - c. A short-barrel firearm;
2. Armor-piercing ammunition;
 3. A chemical dispensing device;
 4. A zip gun;
 5. A tire deflation device;
 6. An improvised explosive device; or
 7. A firearm silencer, unless classified as a curio or relic by the U.S. Department of Justice or the actor otherwise possesses, manufactures, transports, repairs, or sells the firearm silencer in compliance with federal law.

Public Lewdness is defined by Penal Code 21.07 as an offense that occurs when a person knowingly engages in an act of sexual intercourse, deviate sexual intercourse, or sexual contact in a public place or, if not in a public place, is reckless about whether another is present who will be offended or alarmed by the act.

Public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang means an organization composed wholly or in part of students that seeks to perpetuate itself by taking additional members from the students enrolled in school based on a decision of membership rather than on the free choice of a qualified student. Educational organizations listed in Section 37.121(d) of the Education Code are excepted from this definition.

Reasonable belief is that which an ordinary person of average intelligence and sound mind would believe. Chapter 37 requires certain disciplinary decisions when the superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief that a student engaged in conduct punishable as a felony offense. In forming such a reasonable belief, the superintendent or designee may use all available information, including the notice of a student's arrest under Article 15.27 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Self-defense is the use of force against another to the degree a person reasonably believes the force is immediately necessary to protect himself or herself.

Serious misbehavior means:

1. Deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;
2. Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;
3. Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code; or
4. Conduct that constitutes the offense
 - a. Public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07;
 - b. Indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08;
 - c. Criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03;
 - d. Hazing under Education Code 37.152; or
 - e. Harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1) of a student or district employee.

Serious or persistent misbehavior includes, but is not limited to:

- Behavior that is grounds for permissible expulsion or mandatory DAEP placement.
- Behavior identified by the district as grounds for discretionary DAEP placement.
- Actions or demonstrations that substantially disrupt or materially interfere with school activities.
- Refusal to attempt or complete school work as assigned.
- Insubordination.
- Profanity, vulgar language, or obscene gestures.
- Leaving school grounds without permission.
- Falsification of records, passes, or other school related documents.
- Refusal to accept discipline assigned by the teacher or principal.

Short-barrel firearm is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a rifle with a barrel length of less than

16 inches or a shotgun with a barrel length of less than 18 inches, or any weapon made from a rifle or shotgun that, as altered, has an overall length of less than 26 inches.

Terroristic threat is defined by Penal Code 22.07 as a threat of violence to any person or property with intent to:

1. Cause a reaction of any type by an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies;
2. Place any person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury;
3. Prevent or interrupt the occupation or use of a building; room, place of assembly, or place to which the public has access; place of employment or occupation; aircraft, automobile, or other form of conveyance; or other public place;
4. Cause impairment or interruption of public communications; public transportation; public water, gas, or power supply; or other public service;
5. Place the public or a substantial group of the public in fear of serious bodily injury; or
6. Influence the conduct or activities of a branch or agency of the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision of the state (including the district).

Tire deflation device is defined in part by Penal Code 46.01 as a device, including a caltrop or spike strip, that, when driven over, impedes or stops the movement of a wheeled vehicle by puncturing one or more of the vehicle's tires.

Title 5 felonies are those crimes listed in Title 5 of the Penal Code that typically involve injury to a person and may include:

- Murder, manslaughter, or homicide under Sections 19.02, – .05;
- Kidnapping under Section 20.03;
- Trafficking of persons under Section 20A.02;
- Smuggling or continuous smuggling of

- persons under Sections 20.05 – .06;
- Assault under Section 22.01;
- Aggravated assault under Section 22.02;
- Sexual assault under Section 22.011;
- Aggravated sexual assault under Section 22.021;
- Unlawful restraint under Section 20.02;
- Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children under Section 21.02;
- Bestiality under Section 21.09;
- Improper relationship between educator and student under Section 21.12;
- Voyeurism under Section 21.17;
- Indecency with a child under Section 21.11;
- Invasive visual recording under Section 21.15;
- Disclosure or promotion of intimate visual material under Section 21.16;
- Sexual coercion under Section 21.18;
- Injury to a child, an elderly person, or a disabled person of any age under Section 22.04;
- Abandoning or endangering a child under Section 22.041;
- Deadly conduct under Section 22.05;
- Terroristic threat under Section 22.07;
- Aiding a person to commit suicide under Section 22.08; and
- Tampering with a consumer product under Section 22.09. [See FOC(EXHIBIT).]

Under the influence means lacking the normal use of mental or physical faculties. Impairment of a person's physical or mental faculties may be evidenced by a pattern of abnormal or erratic behavior, the presence of physical symptoms of drug or alcohol use, or by admission. A student "under the influence" need not be legally intoxicated to trigger disciplinary action.

Use means voluntarily introducing into one's body, by any means, a prohibited substance.

Zip gun is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a device or combination of devices, not originally a firearm, but adapted to expel a projectile through a smooth bore or rifled-bore barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance.

The purpose of this Appendix is to provide additional guidance regarding disciplinary infractions and the consequences available to campus administrators. For each disciplinary level, a list of potential infractions is provided. Such lists, however, are not intended to be exhaustive.

Consequences may be assigned for disciplinary infractions that do not fall within those listed in this Appendix. To the extent the information in this Appendix conflicts with the Student Code of Conduct, the terms of the Student Code of Conduct shall govern.

The Student Code of Conduct identifies offenses and provides disciplinary options available to the teacher or administrator. Discipline consequences shall be progressively administered so that each level has an increasing degree of intervention designed to promote student self-discipline unless Board policy, state law, or the Student Code of Conduct specifies otherwise.

Level 1 *Teacher Intervention*

- Violations of classroom rules or procedures established by the teacher.
- Failure to follow social distancing procedures or properly utilize PPE equipment when required.
- General misbehavior on the school bus or at a school bus stop.
- Failure to participate in classroom activities.
- Failure to bring required classroom materials or assigned work to class.
- Failure to follow entrance, cafeteria, or dismissal rules.
- Failure to deliver or return written communication between home and school.
- Unexcused tardiness.
- Chewing gum or consuming food/candy.
- Inappropriate use of an electronic telecommunication device during the school day.
- Disclosure or sharing of individual computer-account passwords.
- Dress code violations including not have an ID badge visible at all times
- General misbehavior such as eating in class, horseplay, making excessive noise, pushing/shoving or running in halls.
- Lying or giving of false information either verbally or in writing to a school staff member.
- Littering of school grounds. Any other act that disrupts the classroom or interrupts the operation of the class.

Consequences

Students engaging in Level 1 offenses may receive any of the following discipline management techniques appropriate for the situation as determined by the classroom teacher, including, but not limited to:

- Informal restorative practices such as affective statements/questions, circle process, peer mediation.
- Detention (Before/After School, Lunch or Recess). Time out in the classroom.
- Verbal correction and student conference
- Teacher Student Parent Conference.

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- Temporary removal to another classroom not to exceed 30 minutes.
- Temporary or permanent seat change.
- Behavior contracts.
- Tracking contracts (homework, attendance, tardiness).
- Telephone call, email, or note to parent.
- Loss of privileges.
- Repeated Level 1 offenses can become Level 2 infractions as determined by the campus administrator if they continue to occur after a parent conference has been held.

Level 2

Administrative Intervention

- Repeated Level 1 violations after a parent conference has been held with the teacher.
- Encouraging or promoting a fight or assault.
- Confronting another student which creates a disruption.
- Failing to serve teacher level detention.
- Skipping school
- Campus uniform violation.
- Cheating or copying the work of other students.
- Leaving the classroom without permission of school personnel.
- Cutting class or skipping school.
- Possession of matches or other flammable materials.
- Possession of medication prescribed to the student; or possessing or using a non- prescription drug, natural and/or homeopathic-like substance, dietary supplements, or energy pills (student's own).
- Possessing toys and other items that create a nuisance.
- Possession of an obviously fake weapon which can or does cause disruption on school property.
- Inappropriate display of affection, which should be enforced equitably without regard to sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression.
- Posting or distributing unauthorized publications on school grounds.
- Selling unauthorized goods on school grounds.
- Failure to abide by rules and regulations at extracurricular activities or at co-curricular activities such as field trips.
- Being present in unauthorized areas before, during or after school or at a school sponsored

- event.
- Possession of pepper spray or mace.
- Cafeteria disturbance that causes a crowd to gather or run.
- Possession of personal music devices at school, with final determination of the limits made at the individual campus level.
- Accessing materials and sites on the internet that are deemed to be inappropriate by the district.
- Sending, forwarding, or displaying to other students' inappropriate electronic communications, including communications containing offensive language, untruthful statements, junk email, chain letters, or jokes if such communication or display is performed by: 1) using the district's Information Technology resources or the district's network; or 2) using personal devices/accounts, if it is determined that the communications have a material and substantial interference with school activities or with the rights of students.
- Inappropriately using instructional materials including computers and computer systems.
- Selling, distributing, possessing or using substances or items portrayed as being drugs (without regard to amount).
- Profanity, vulgar language, or obscene gestures, written or spoken, not directed at any person.
- Disruptive or non-compliant behavior on a school bus or at a school bus stop, including throwing objects out of buses or at vehicles.
- Using a laser pointer.
- Truancy.
- Repeated cutting class or skipping school (more than three instances).
- Exposing or attempting to expose one's undergarments or those of another ("sagging") or other forms of nudity.
- Failure or refusal to cover up any tattoo that is obscene, vulgar, or gang-related while on campus or at a school related activity.
- Possessing, distributing, or creating pornographic or sexually-oriented material or material that promotes violence or other illegal activities.
- Any other acts that interfere with the orderly educational process in the classroom or the school.

Level 3

Targeted Intervention, Restitution, Suspension, or Optional Removal to a Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP)

- Repeated Level 2 violations after a parent conference has been held with the administrator.
- Mutual Combat (fighting).
- Display of disrespect toward school personnel or campus visitors.
- Gambling.
- Substantial disruption - Disruption that impedes the normal operations of an activity in the school environment that requires immediate administrative action.
- Failure to comply with reasonable requests of school personnel and/or defiance of the authority of school personnel.
- Directing profanity, vulgar language or obscene gestures toward visitors, other students or school personnel.
- Assisting or encouraging a terroristic threat.
- Behavior symptomatic of or associated with gangs or cults.
- Engaging in behavior which contains the elements of a criminal offense that does not constitute a

mandatory removable or expellable offense. Knowingly making a false report against a staff member that is later determined to be unsubstantiated at the conclusion of any investigation initiated as a result of the report.

- Interfering with school activities, including trespassing, boycotting, and group demonstrations; falsifying a report; or making a false alarm 9-1-1 call.
- Planning, organizing, instigating, or participating in an activity that causes substantial disruption of the education program, including, but not limited to, gang/cult activity.
- Hazing, which means any intentional, knowing, or reckless act directed against a student by one person alone or acting with others that endangers the mental or physical health or the safety of a student for the purpose of being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any organization or general classification of students whose members are or include other students.
- Use, possession or distribution of tobacco products, including, tobacco paraphernalia and/or e-cigarettes, and any component, part or accessory for an e-cigarette device or other nicotine delivery device, or any substance for consumption containing nicotine.
- Improper use of over-the-counter medication, vitamins, or other chemicals.
- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person a prescription or non-prescription medication
- Attempting to sell or purchase a prohibited substance through verbal or written communication without being in possession.
- Using or possessing any instrument that might reasonably be used to cause bodily harm, but has not been used to cause or threaten bodily harm.
- Using or possessing fireworks or any other pyrotechnic device that may be used to disrupt the educational process including “poppers” and “stink bombs.”
- Extortion, which is defined as obtaining money or information from another by coercion or intimidation of a value less than \$1,500.
- Engaging in behavior that contains the elements of misdemeanor theft. This includes extortion, acquisition of property by threat, and receiving or concealing stolen property.
- Tampering with, changing, or altering records or documents by any method, including, but not limited to forgery, computer access or other electronic means.
- Engaging in behavior that contains the elements of misdemeanor criminal mischief.
- Damaging, destroying, disabling, or altering school computer hardware and/or software by any method including, but not limited to, the use of computer software viruses or other electronic means.
- Any verbal abuse of others, including slurs, name calling, or derogatory statements to another person because of that person’s race, color, religion, national origin, disability, physical/personal appearance, sexual orientation, and gender identity and/or gender expression.
- Harassment/dating violence, including threatening to cause harm or bodily injury to another student, engaging in sexually intimidating conduct, causing physical damage to the property of another student, subjecting another student to physical confinement or restraint, or maliciously taking any action that substantially harms another student’s physical or emotional health.
- Bullying (see Glossary).
- Cyberbullying (see Glossary).
- Tampering with a fire extinguisher, an automated external defibrillator (AED), or the storage cabinet for one of these items.
- Refusal to cooperate in, or interference with, a metal detector safety search.
- “Sexting” or using a cell phone or other personal communication device to send messages or other communications or possessing messages or other communications containing images reasonably interpreted as indecent or sexually suggestive while at school or at a school-related function.

- Assisting directly or indirectly with the promotion of any behavior prohibited by the Student Code of Conduct.
- Engaging in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide.
- Inciting violence against a student through group bullying.
- Releasing or threatening to release intimate visual material of a minor or of a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
- Assault (no bodily injury) with threat of imminent bodily injury.
- Assault by offensive or provocative physical contact under Penal Code 22.01(a)(3) and which may include causing bodily injury by recklessly or intentionally pointing a laser pointer or laser pen at another student or a staff member. (See Glossary.)

In accordance with state law, a student may be placed in a DAEP if the superintendent or the superintendent's designee has reasonable belief (see glossary) that the student has engaged in conduct punishable as a felony, other than aggravated robbery or those listed as offenses in Title 5 (see glossary) of the Penal Code, that occurs off school property and not at a school- sponsored or school-related event, if the student's presence in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.

The campus behavior coordinator may, but is not required to, place a student in a DAEP for off- campus conduct for which DAEP placement is required by state law if the administrator does not have knowledge of the conduct before the first anniversary of the date the conduct occurred.

Level 2 and Level 3 Consequences

In addition to verbal and written notification to a parent or guardian, students engaging in Level 2 and 3 offenses may receive any of the following discipline consequences for the situation as determined by the campus administrator, **Unless the infraction warrants a mandatory consequence, as outlined below, all other consequences and durations are at the discretion of the campus administrator. Administrators will use all factors including intent, age appropriateness and previous incidents in determining consequences.** The following consequences have been set as a minimum and a maximum guide. For elementary age students, these consequences are up to a maximum including, but not limited to:

Incident	1st Offense	2nd Offense	3 or More Offenses
Altering Records	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Phone Call	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 - 3 Days of In School Suspension
Peddling and Soliciting	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Phone Call	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 - 3 Days of In School Suspension
Tardies	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Phone Call	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 - 3 Days of In School Suspension
Damaging/ Destroying	Mandatory Student Conference,	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory	Mandatory Student Conference,

Computer Hardware	Mandatory Parent Phone Call, 1 day of In School Suspension	Parent Conference, 2 days of In School Suspension, and 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 Day of In School Suspension 2 days of Out of School Suspension
Throwing Objects	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Phone Call, 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 days of In School Suspension, and 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 Day of In School Suspension 2 days of Out of School Suspension
Drug Paraphernalia	Mandatory Parent Conference, 10 Day & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 Days Out of School Suspension, 15 Day DAEP & Mari & Alcohol Prevention Program	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 Days Out of School Suspension, 30-45 Day DAEP & Mari & Alcohol Prevention Program
Safety or Security Transgressions	Parent Conference, 2 days of Out of School Suspension, 10 Days DAEP	Parent Conference, 2 days of Out of School Suspension, 15 Days DAEP	Parent Conference, 2 days of Out of School Suspension, 30 Days DAEP
Exertions or Attempted Extortion	Parent Conference, 2 days of Out of School Suspension,	Parent Conference, 2 days of Out of School Suspension, 10 Days DAEP	Parent Conference, 2 days of Out of School Suspension, 15 Days DAEP
Unacceptable Physical contact	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 Days of In School Suspension	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 Days of In School Suspension, 1 Day of Out of School Suspension	Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 Day of In School Suspension, 2 Days of Out of School Suspension
Verbal Abuse	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 days of In School Suspension, 1 day of Out of School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 Day of In school Suspension, 2 days of Out of School Suspension
Possessing or Selling Items Portrayed as Drugs	Parent Conference, 3 Days of In School Suspension,	Parent Conference, 1 Day of In School Suspension, 2 Days of Out of School Suspension 10 Days of DAEP	Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 30 Days of DAEP
Voluntary Absences (Skipping)	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference 2-3 days of In School Suspension
Sexual Acts/Inappropriate exposure of body parts.	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 30-45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 30-45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days DAEP
Truancy	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference 2-3 days of In School Suspension
Substantial Disruptions	Mandatory Parent Conference, 5 Days of In School suspension, 15 Days DAEP (based on the incident)	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspensions, 30-45 Days DAEP (based on the incident)	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspensions, 45-60 Days DAEP (based on the incident)
Dangerous Instruments & Fireworks	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days DAEP

Theft	Parent Conference, 2 Days Out of School Suspension,	Parent Conference, 2 Days Out of School Suspension, 10-20 Days DAEP	Parent Conference, 2 Days Out of School Suspension, 30-45 Days DAEP
Non-Violent Gang Related Activities	Parent Conference, 3 Days of In School Suspension	Parent Conference, 1 Days of In School Suspension, 2 Days of Out of School Suspension, 10 Days DAEP	Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 30 Days DAEP
Vandalism	Parent Conference, Up to 5 Days of In School Suspension, Up to 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, Up to 15 Days of DAEP	Parent Conference, 2 Days of Out of School Suspension, 20-30 Days of DAEP	Parent Conference, 2 Days of Out of School Suspension, 45-60 Days of DAEP
Possessed, Sold, Used or Under the Influence of Over the Counter Substance, Vaping or E-cigarettes	Mandatory Parent Conference, 10 Day DAEP & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 days Out of School suspension, 15 Day DAEP & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program	Mandatory Parent Conference 2 day Out of School Suspension, 30-45 Day DAEP & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program
Verbal Assault by threat against student/staff	Mandatory Parent Conference, 5 Days of In School Suspension, Up to 10 Days of DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 30 Days of DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 45 Days of DAEP
Defiance of Authority	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 days Out of School suspension,	Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 day Out of School suspension, 2 days Out of School suspension,	Mandatory Parent Conference, 15 Days DAEP
Disruption	Mandatory Parent Conference, 1-3 Day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3-5 Days of In School Suspension	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 Days of Out of School Suspension
Failure to Serve	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 days of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 days of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 days of Out of School Suspension
Gambling	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 1-3 Days of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 3-5 Days of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 Days of Out of School Suspension
Possess, Purchase, Use, or Accept Tobacco Products Vaping or E-cigarettes	Mandatory Parent Conference, 10 Day DAEP & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 day Out of School suspension, 15 Day DAEP & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program	Mandatory Parent Conference 2 day Out of School Suspension, 30-45 Day DAEP & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program

Dress Code Violation	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference	Mandatory Student Conference, Parent Conference, 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Parent Conference, 2 - 3 days of In School Suspension
School Related Gang Violence	Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 30-45 days DAEP	Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 45-60 days DAEP	Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 45-60 days DAEP
Hit List, Making/ Distributing	Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 30-45 days DAEP	Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 45-60 days DAEP	Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 45-60 days DAEP
Inappropriate Public Displays of Affection	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 1-2 Days of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 3-5 Days of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Mandatory Parent Conference, 6-8 In School Suspension
Possess, Purchase, Use, or Accept Vaping Products	Mandatory Parent Conference, 10 Day DAEP & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 day Out of School suspension, 15 Day DAEP & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program	Mandatory Parent Conference 2 day Out of School Suspension, 30-45 Day DAEP & Marijuana & Alcohol Prevention Program
Lying	Mandatory Student Conference, Parent Phone Call,	Mandatory Student Conference, Parent Conference, 1 Day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference, Parent Conference, 3 Days of In School Suspension
Inappropriate Use of Cell Phone or Technology	Parent Conference, Collect cell phone No Fee, 1 day of In School Suspension, 1 day of Out of School Suspension,	Parent Conference, Collect cell phone \$15 Fee, 2 days of In School Suspension, 1 day of Out of School Suspension, 15 day of DAEP	Parent Conference, Collect cell phone \$15 Fee, 1 days of In School Suspension, 2 day of Out of School Suspension, 30 days of DAEP
Replica Ammunition	Parent Conference, 3 Days of In School Suspension,	Parent Conference, 1 Day of In School Suspension, 2 Days of Out of School Suspension 10 Days of DAEP	Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension, 30 Days of DAEP
Profanity	Mandatory Student Conference, Parent Phone Call	Mandatory Student Conference, Parent Conference, 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference Parent Conference, 2 - 3 days of In School Suspension
Disruptive Behavior During Bus Transportation	Mandatory student & parent conference,	Mandatory student & parent conference, 5 days Bus Removal	Mandatory student & parent conference, 10 days Bus Removal up to 1 year, 15 days of DAEP up to 45 days
ID Violation	Mandatory Student Conference, Parent Phone Call	Mandatory Student Conference & \$5 Replacement Fee, Parent Conference, 1 day of In School Suspension	Mandatory Student Conference & \$5 Replacement Fee, Parent Conference, 2 - 3 days of In School Suspension

Level 4

Mandatory DAEP Placement

A student shall be removed to a DAEP if the student:

- Engages in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school. (See Glossary.)
- Commits the following offenses on school property or within 300 feet of school property as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or

school-related activity on or off school property:

- o Engages in conduct punishable as a felony.
- o Commits an assault (see Glossary) under Penal Code 22.01(a)(1).
- o Sells, gives, or delivers to another person, or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of marijuana, a controlled substance, or a dangerous drug in an amount not constituting a felony offense. A student with a valid prescription for low-THC cannabis as authorized by Chapter 487 of the Health and Safety Code does not violate this provision. (School-related felony drug offenses are addressed in the Expulsion section.) (See Glossary for “under the influence.”)
- o Sells, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic beverage; commits a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol; or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of alcohol, if the conduct is not punishable as a felony offense. (School-related felony alcohol offenses are addressed in the Expulsion section.)
- o Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals. Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of the offense of public lewdness or indecent exposure. (See Glossary.)
- o Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense of harassment against an employee under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), (2), (3), or (7).
- o Engages in selling, giving, delivering, possessing using or being under the influence of designer drugs, synthetic marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids (e.g. “K2” and “Spice”), stimulants (e.g. “bath salts”), or analogs of any controlled substance, regardless of whether currently scheduled or classified as an illegal drug under state or federal law.
- o Discharges or sprays mace or pepper spray, which results in a class, bus, event or school disturbance.
- o Possession of BB guns, pellets guns or air rifles.
- o Possession of a knife or other object that is designed to cut and that is determined to have been possessed by the student for use as a weapon.
- o Possession of replicas of guns that are sufficiently similar in appearance to a real gun such that, if pointed at or shown to another person, a reasonable person may believe the student to be in possession of a firearm.
- o Possession of a TASER, electric stun gun, or other protective device designed to administer an electric shock with intent to do harm.
- Engages in expellable conduct and is between six and nine years of age.
- Commits a federal firearms violation and is younger than six years of age.
- Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of retaliation against any school employee or volunteer on or off school property. (Committing retaliation in combination with another expellable offense is addressed in the Expulsion section.)
- Engages in conduct punishable as aggravated robbery or a felony listed under Title 5 (see glossary) of the Penal Code when the conduct occurs off school property and not at a school-sponsored or school related event and:
 - o The student receives deferred prosecution (see Glossary),
 - o A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delinquent conduct (see Glossary), or the superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief (see Glossary) that the student engaged in the conduct.
- Engages in burglary of a Spring ISD facility.
- Defaces of school property with graffiti or other means that results in a loss or destruction to property pursuant to Penal Code 28.08.
- Obtains unauthorized access to District or other databases, including student, faculty, or District data files pursuant to Penal Code 33.02. In addition to any criminal penalties, students may have their computer privileges suspended or revoked.

- Creates or distributes a “hit list,” in which a student makes a list of people to be harmed by means of a firearm, knife, or any other object to be used with the intent to cause bodily harm.

Level 5

Expulsion- Placement in the Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program (JJAEP)

- A student aged 10 or older who commits a second Level 4 Offense or succeeding violation of the Student Code of Conduct may be expelled.
- For disciplinary infractions resulting in either discretionary or mandatory expulsion, please see the Student Code of Conduct section.

Level 4 & 5 Consequences

In addition to verbal and written notification to a parent or guardian, students engaging in Level 4 or 5 offenses may receive any of the following discipline consequences for the situation as determined by the campus administrator, and **all of the consequences in this section can possibly include discretionary placed to JJAEP as determined by the campus administrator**, including, but not limited to:

Incident	1st Offense	2nd Offense	3 or More Offenses
Fighting / Mutual Combat	Mandatory Parent Conference, 1 Days Out of School Suspension, 15 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 2 Days Out of School Suspension, 30 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP
Bullying	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus
Bullying/Harassment	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus
Bullying/Harassment DISABILITY	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus
Bullying/Harassment PERCEIVED RELIGION	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus
Bullying/Harassment	Mandatory Parent	Mandatory Parent Conference,	Mandatory Parent Conference,

ent RELIGION	Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 20 Days DAEP	3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus	3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus
Bullying/Harassment ent SEX	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus
Bullying/Harassment ent SEXUAL ORIENTATION	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus
Harassment Against an Employee of the School District	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 45 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days DAEP & Administrative Removal to Another Campus
Serious Misbehavior	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Breach of Computer Security	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child or Children	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Student Is Required to Register as A Sex Offender	Mandatory Parent Conference, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 90 Days JJAEP
Student Is Required to Register as A Sex Offender (Court Supervision)	Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 90 Days JJAEP
Deadly Conduct	Mandatory Parent Conference,	Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 90 Days JJAEP

	60 Days DAEP		
Criminally Negligent Homicide	Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Manslaughter	Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Aggravated Robbery	Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Felony Alcohol Violation	Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Felony Controlled Substance Violation	Mandatory Parent Conference, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
False Alarm/False Report	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 30 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 45 Days DAEP
Sexual Assault/Aggravated Sexual Assault against Student	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 20 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP
Sexual Assault/Aggravated Sexual Assault against School Staff	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP
Aggravated Assault against Student	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP
Aggravated Assault against School Staff	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. Entire Academic Year DAEP
Assault of Someone other	Mandatory Parent Conference,	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School

than School Staff	3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 45 Days DAEP	Suspension. 60 Days DAEP	Suspension. 60 Days DAEP
Assault of School Staff	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP
Terroristic Threat	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP
Emergency Placement Expulsion	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days DAEP
Criminal Mischief	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School Suspension. Entire Academic Year DAEP
Aggravated Kidnapping	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Indecency with a Child	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Murder, Capital Murder, or Criminal Attempt to Commit Murder/Capital Murder	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Arson	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP

Prohibited Weapon	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Location Restricted Knife	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Firearm	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 60 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, 90 Days JJAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, Conference, 3 Days Out of School Suspension, Entire Academic Year at JJAEP
Non-Title 5 Felony Committed off Campus	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP
Title 5 Felony Committed off Campus	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP
Retaliation against School Employee	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP
Public Lewdness/ Indecent Exposure	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP
Abuse of a Volatile Chemical	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP
Alcohol	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP
Marihuana, Controlled Substance, or Dangerous Drug	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP

Engages in Conduct Punishable as a Felony	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 45 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP	Mandatory Parent Conference, 3 Days of Out of School, 60 Days DAEP
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CAMPUS BEHAVIOR COORDINATOR INFORMATION

A person at each Spring ISD campus is designated to serve as the campus behavior coordinator. The designated person may be the principal of the campus or any other campus administrator selected by the principal. The campus behavior coordinator is primarily responsible for maintaining student discipline.

Campus	Phone #
Anderson Elementary	281-891-8360
Bailey Middle School	281-891-8000
Bammel Elementary	281-891-8150
SIS at Bammel Middle	281-891-7900
Beneke Elementary	281-891-8450
Booker Elementary	281-891-8750
Burchett Elementary	281-891-8630
Clark Elementary	281-891-8540
Claughton Middle	281-891-7950
Cooper Elementary	281-891-8660
Dekaney 9th Grade	281-891-7432
Dekaney High	281-891-7260
Dueitt Middle	281-891-7800
Eickenroht Elementary	281-891-8840
Heritage Elementary	281-891-8510
Hirsch Elementary	281-891-8330
Hoyland Elementary	281-891-8810
Jenkins Elementary	281-891-8300
Lewis Elementary	281-891-8720
Link Elementary	281-891-8390
Major Elementary	281-891-8870

Marshall Elementary	281-891-4900
McNabb Elementary	281-891-8690
Meyer Elementary	281-891-8270
Momentum High	281-891-6219
Northgate Crossing Elem.	281-891-8780
Ponderosa Elementary	281-891-8180
Reynolds Elementary	281-891-8240
Richey Academy	281-891-6710
Roberson Middle	281-891-7700
Salyers Elementary	281-891-8570
Smith Elementary	281-891-8420
Spring 9th Grade	281-891-7391
Spring Early College Early	281-891-6880
Spring High	281-891-7000
Spring Leadership Academy	281-891-8050
Springwoods Village	281-891-8100
Thompson Elementary	281-891-8480
Twin Creeks School	281-891-7850
Wells Middle	281-891-7750
Westfield 9th Grade	281-891-7411
Westfield High	281-891-7130
Winship Elementary	281-891-8210
Wunsche High	281-891-7650



SPRING INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

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